KHAJA BANDANAWAZ UNIVERSITY



UIN

Faculty of Engineering and Technology

Second semester B.E. Degree Examination

Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering [19KBELE15/25]

Time: 3Hrs. Max.Marks:100

MODEL QUESTION PAPER-I

SECTION-A

I. Answer any TEN questions from the following.

(02Marks Each)

- Q.1) Define Kirchhoff 's current law.
- Q.2) State fleming's right hand rule.
- Q.3) Mention the expressions for different types of A.C power.
- Q.4) what is the phase angle and power factor for the pure Resistance.
- Q.5) Mention applications of a Transformer.
- Q.6) Why core is laminated in a Transformer.
- Q.7) What is Fuse?.why it is used.
- Q.8) Why earthing is necessary.
- Q.9) Which motor to be recommend for high starting torque with load.
- Q.10) what is the difference between armature torque and useful torque
- Q.11) A 3-phase 440V,50 Hz induction motor has a 4% slip. Find the frequency of the rotor current
- Q.12) what should be the slip, so that the rotor of a 3-phase induction motor is blocked.
- Q.13) Mention different types of rotors used in 3-phase induction motors. How they differ
- Q.14) Find synchronous speed, if frequency is 50 Hz, poles=4.

Q.15) Mention Types of rotors in alternators and compare.

b) Explain the various losses that occur in a transformer

SECTION-B

II. Answer any FIVE full questions from the following. (08 Marks Each)

- Q1 a) Bring out clearly analogy between magnetic & electric circuit
 b) Define coefficient of coupling and find its relation with L1, L2 and M
 Q2 a)Mention the advantages of three phase system over single phase system.
- Q3 a) with the help of connection diagram, Explain the two way control of lamps with truth
 - b) Discuss the following characteristics for series motor with relevant plots.
 i) Ta v/s Ia ii) N v/s Ia

 04M
- Q4 A 4 pole, lap wound DC shunt generator delivers 200 A at terminal voltage of 250 Volts. It has a field and armature resistance of 50 Ohms and 0.05 Ohms respectively.

 Neglecting brush drop determine i) Armature current ii) Current per parallel path

 iii) EMF generated iv) Power developed.

 08M
- Q5 A 3 phase, 6-poles 50Hz induction motor has a slip of 1% at no load and 3% at full load.

 Determine (i) The synchronous speed (ii) No-load speed (iii) Full load speed
 (iv) frequency of rotor current at standstill (v) frequency of rotor current at full load.

 08M
- Q6 With neat sketch explain the construction of salient pole Alternator. 08M
- Q7 With a neat sketch explain the construction of various parts of a D.C Machine 08M
- Q8 The maximum efficiency at full load and Upf of a single phase, 25 KVA, 500/1000 V, 50 Hz transformer is 98%. Determine the efficiency at i) 75% load, 0.9 pf ii) 50% load, 0.8 pf iii) 25% load, 0.6 pf. 08M

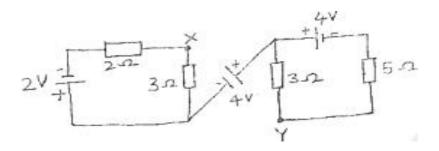
SECTION-C

III. Answer any FOUR Full Questions from the following

(10 Marks Each)

04M

 $\mathbf{Q1}$ a) Obtain the potential difference between V_{XY} in the following circuit



05M

b) Derive an expression for dynamically induced emf.

05M

Q2 A series circuit consists of a Resistance of 10Ω , an inductance of 16 mH and a capacitance of $150 \mu\text{F}$ connected in series. A supply of 100V at 50 Hz is given to the circuit.	
Find the impedance, current, Power factor, and power consumed by the circuit	10M
Q3 With the help of circuit diagram and vector diagram show that two wattmeter's are sufficient to measure total power in a balanced three phase circuit.	10M
Q4) a) Define RMS value of alternating current ,show that its value is proportional to max value.	ximum 05M
b) Derive the EMF equation of a DC generator	05M
Q5) a) Explain the various losses that occur in a transformer.	05M
b) Explain the necessity of starter for a DC motor	05M
Q6) a) With a neat diagram explain any one type of earthing	05M
b) Explain the different types of precautions against an Electrical shock	05M
Q7) a) state fleming's left hand rule. Mention its application.	04M
b) With a circuit diagram explain the working of a star-delta starter for a three phase induction motor.	06M